



Scedo-Select III: a new semi-selective culture medium for detection of the *Scedosporium apiospermum* species complex

Submitted by a.bergoend on Mon, 05/04/2015 - 15:24

Titre	Scedo-Select III: a new semi-selective culture medium for detection of the <i>Scedosporium apiospermum</i> species complex
Type de publication	Article de revue
Auteur	Pham, Tram Pham Quynh [1], Giraud, Sandrine [2], Schuliar, Gaëlle [3], Rougeron, Amandine [4], Bouchara, Jean-Philippe [5]
Pays	Royaume-Uni
Editeur	Oxford University Press
Ville	Oxford
Type	Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture
Année	2015
Langue	Anglais
Date	Juin 2015
Numéro	5
Pagination	512-519
Volume	53
Titre de la revue	Medical Mycology
ISSN	1460-2709
Mots-clés	Environment [6], filamentous fungi [7], <i>Scedosporium apiospermum</i> complex [8], Semi-selective medium [9]
Résumé en anglais	<p>The <i>Scedosporium apiospermum</i> complex is responsible for a large variety of infections in human. Members of this complex have become emerging fungal pathogens with an increasing occurrence in patients with underlying conditions such as immunosuppression or cystic fibrosis. A better knowledge of these fungi and of the sources of contamination of the patients is required and more accurate detection methods from the environment are needed. In this context, a highly selective culture medium was developed in the present study. Thus, various aliphatic, cyclic, or aromatic compounds were tested as the sole carbon source, in combination with some inorganic nitrogen sources and fungicides. The best results were obtained with 4-hydroxy-benzoate combined with ammonium sulfate and the fungicides dichloran and benomyl. This new culture medium called Scedo-Select III was shown to support growth of all species of the <i>S. apiospermum</i> complex. Subsequently, this new culture medium was evaluated successfully on water and soil samples, exhibiting higher sensitivity and selectivity than the previously described SceSel+ culture medium. Therefore, this easy-to-prepare and synthetic semi-selective culture medium may be useful to clarify the ecology of these fungi and to identify their reservoirs in patients' environment.</p>
URL de la notice	http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua10918 [10]

DOI	10.1093/mmy/myv015 [11]
Lien vers le document	http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/mmy/myv015 [11]
Titre abrégé	Med. Mycol.

Liens

- [1] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=19717](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=19717)
- [2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/sandrine.giraud/publications>
- [3] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=15255](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=15255)
- [4] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[author\]=15237](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[author]=15237)
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/j.bouchara/publications>
- [6] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=15109](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=15109)
- [7] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=9390](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=9390)
- [8] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=14324](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=14324)
- [9] [http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f\[keyword\]=14318](http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f[keyword]=14318)
- [10] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua10918>
- [11] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/mmy/myv015>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)